**Project Proposal Template**

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| **PROJECT PROPOSAL TEMPLATE** |
| **A. General Information** |
| 1. **Date of Proposal:**
 | Click or tap to enter a date. |
| 1. **Version No.:**
 |  |
| 1. **Project Title:**
 |  |
| 1. **Name of the originator institution:**
 |  |
| 1. **Contacts of the originator institution:**
 | Address: |  |
| E-mail: |  |
| Telephone No.: |  |
| Contact person: |  |
| 1. **Dimension(s) and priorities of the SEE 2030 addressed:**
 | Choose an item.Choose an item. |
| 1. **UN SDGs addressed:**
 | [ ]  [SDG 1: No Poverty](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal1)[ ]  [SDG 2: Zero Hunger](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal2)[ ]  [SDG 3: Good Health and Well-being](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal3)[ ]  [SDG 4: Quality Education](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal4)[ ]  [SDG 5: Gender Equality](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal5)[ ]  [SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal6)[ ]  [SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal7)[ ]  [SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal8)[ ]  [SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal9) | [ ]  [SDG 10: Reducing Inequality](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal10)[ ]  [SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal11)[ ]  [SDG 12: Responsible Consumption and Production](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal12)[ ]  [SDG 13: Climate Action](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal13)[ ]  [SDG 14: Life Below Water](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal14)[ ]  [SDG 15: Life on Land](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal15)[ ]  [SDG 16: Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal16)[ ]  [SDG 17: Partnerships for the Goals](https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal17) |
| 1. **Assistance instruments (see Annex 2):**
 | [ ]  Regional dialogue[ ]  Regional networking[ ]  Actions of regional solidarity and assistance[ ]  Peer reviews[ ]  International Technical Assistance[ ]  International Financial Institutions (IFI) Support |
| 1. **Met selection criteria (see Annex 3):**
 | [ ]  Relevance and policy integration[ ]  Private sector orientation[ ]  People-first focus[ ]  Donor priority alignment[ ]  Stakeholder engagement[ ]  Long-term vision[ ]  Policy co-ordination |
| 1. **Location (where the activities will take place):**
 | *(Please provide the names of SEECP Participants or any other locations where the project activities will take place)* |
| 1. **SEECP Participants involved:**

***(SEECP Participants are denominated according to their Capitals)*** | [ ]  Ankara[ ]  Athens[ ]  Belgrade[ ] ​ Bucharest[ ]  Chisinau [ ]  Ljubljana [ ]  Podgorica | [ ]  Pristina[ ]  Sarajevo[ ]  Skopje[ ]  Sofia[ ]  Tirana[ ]  Zagreb |
| 1. **Proposed starting date:**
 | Click or tap to enter a date. |
| 1. **Project implementation duration (in months):**
 |  |
| 1. **Total expected cost (in Euro):**
 | *(Please provide the total expected cost of project implementation)* |
| 1. **Resources contributed by the project promoter / implementer:**
 | *(Please describe the types of contributions in cash or in kind and resources, such as human resources or equipment, to be allocated by the project promoters to the project activities)*  |
| **B. Project Description** |
| 1. **Project objective:**
 |  |
| 1. **Short description (up to 500 words) of the needs / gaps to be addressed by the project and the rationale based on the list of actions defined by the SEE 2030 Strategy:**
 | *(Please provide a short summary of the needs / gaps the project proposal aims to address, according to the actions defined by the SEE 2030 Strategy and given as Annex 1)* |
| 1. **Description of the proposed project and outline of the activities (up to 1,000 words):**
 |  |
| 1. **Expected results:**
 |  |
| 1. **Implementing partners:**

 |  |
| 1. **Relevance to national SDG strategies:**

*(Please provide a short rationale of the project proposal based on its relevance to the national SDGs implementation strategies)*  |  |

**22. Results Framework**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Activities |  | Outputs (short-term)  |  | Outcomes(medium-term) |  | Project impact(long-term) |  | Addressed SDGs | SEE 2030 Targets |
| Description | **Component 1 –** **Activity 1:****Activity 2:****…****Component 2 –** **….** |  | * …
* …
* …
 |  | * ...
* …
* …
 |  | * …
* …
* …
 |  | Direct:Indirect: | Direct:Indirect |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Key assumptions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Progress indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * SDGs indicators
 | * SEE 2030 Indicators
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| **ANNEX 1:** |
| **DIMENSIONS, PRIORITIES, AND ACTIONS OF THE SEE 2030 STRATEGY**  |
|  |  | **Mark if addressed by the project proposal** | **Comments** |
| **Dimension I:** | **Prosperity of the SEE Region** |  |  |
| **Priorities:** |  |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Promoting economic growth through trade creation, sustainable and responsible tourism and enhancing transport connectivity of SDGs in SEE**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Promoting investment, research and innovation in renewable energy to increase the share of carbon free energy supply and improve energy efficiency**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Enhancing capacity to improve detection and risk reduction of natural disasters to minimise their impact on economic growth**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Reducing digital divide through better broadband connectivity, development of digital skills and accelerated digitalisation of industry and public services**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Enhancing public-private sector partnership and the role of financial sector / financing for development for the implementation**
 |  |  |
| **Dimension II:**  | **People of the SEE Region** |  |  |
| **Priorities:** | * 1. **Better utilisation of human capital potential of the SEE Region**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Supporting diaspora to promote economic activity in the SEE Region**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Facilitating access to education and supporting improvement of its quality**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Facilitating access to health and supporting improvement of its quality**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Improving equal access to and quality of justice and public services in SEE**
 |  |  |
|  | * 1. **Improving access to and quality of environment / sanitation services and affordable, safer and healthier housing**
 |  |  |
| **Dimension III:** | **Peace and Partnerships in the SEE Region**  |  |  |
| **Priorities:** | * 1. **Supporting the institutional strengthening for smart implementation of the SEE 2030 Strategy**
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|  | * 1. **Facilitating the creation of sustainable funding mechanisms to support the implementation of SEE 2030 Strategy while respecting development co-operation effectiveness principles of transparency and accountability**
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| **ACTIONS PER PRIORITIES** |
| **PRIORITY 1:** |
| **1.1. Facilitating regional trade in SEE through extending green lanes throughout the region whenever possible, eliminating procedural and regulatory barriers to trade, and using international and EU standards** |
| **1.2. Systemic identification of market access barriers in intra-SEE trade** |
| **1.3. Promoting creating of intra-SEE clusters to better integrate the region into the global value chains** |
| **1.4. Facilitating agricultural trade between SEE economies in a way to promote rural development through enhancing trade connectivity between poorer parts of the economies** |
| **1.5. Promoting digitalisation and green transformation in industry and agricultural production in SEE, with the goal to create multiplying effects to other sectors of economy (such as tourism)** |
| **1.6. Identification of key export markets to access in the overseas to support the creation of regional clusters by the existing preferential trade agreements between SEE economies, and between SEE and other regions** |
| **1.7. Facilitating trade in select transport corridors to benefit from the existing maritime transport connectivity by reducing release time** |
| **1.8. Promoting regional co-operation in tourism development with a view to reduce barriers to development of joint regional tourism products and developing tourism offer that spans several economies in the region** |
| **1.9. Supporting development of TEN-T network and its indicative part in SEE, through promotion of extension of TEN-T core corridors to SEE region. Special emphasis will be put on the creation of a new core network corridor in the upcoming TEN-T revision, corresponding to the RFC 10 corridor connecting Austria to Turkey, as well as the potential Adriatic-Ionian corridor.** |
| **PRIORITY 2:** |
| **2.1. Enhancing capacity of collection and quality of renewable energy statistics** |
| **2.2. Capacity building for developing bankable renewable energy projects to increase the generation capacity in renewables** |
| **2.3. Capacity building for public-private partnerships in renewable energy generation** |
| **2.4. Supporting research and innovation in renewable energy, including support to the local production of components and emergence of local value chains** |
| **2.5. Streamlining licensing procedures for renewable energy projects in SEE economies so as to expedite and facilitate licensing and make relevant procedures more predictable and transparent** |
| **2.6. Enhancing transparency and competitiveness of support schemes for electricity from renewable sources** |
| **2.7. Initiating regional dialogue for joint actions to improve labour skills in renewable energy technologies**  |
| **2.8. Increasing awareness of the population about potential benefits of energy transition and renewable energy self-production and consumption** |
| **2.9. Providing appropriate regional platforms to address further improvement of interconnectivity and strengthening local infrastructure for high share of renewables** |
| **2.10. Developing and improving energy market integration and liberalisation in line with the EU policies** |
| **PRIORITY 3:** |
| **3.1. Developing and mainstreaming a Regional Strategy for Disaster Risk Reduction, which may include regional disaster risk mapping and assess the existing disaster risk reduction programmes** |
| **3.2. Establishing appropriate regional tools for exchange of information on disaster risk reduction** |
| **3.3. Promoting development and strengthening disaster risk transfer and sharing mechanisms** |
| **3.4. Strengthening regional institutional capacity in disaster preparedness, prevention and risk reduction through institutionalising regional capacity for co-operation on training systems and sharing training centres and capacities** |
| **PRIORITY 4:** |
| **4.1. Upgrading digital connectivity through improved broadband infrastructure with a goal to provide universal access to high-speed internet for all citizens supported through enhancement of digital skills** |
| **4.2. Improving digital public services and enabling the full potential of e-government and e-health, with the aim to provide faster and more efficient access for all citizens and improving their uptake through digital skills enhancement, including through provision of the necessary ICT infrastructure** |
| **4.3. Enhancing cybersecurity, adapting regulatory frameworks to new digital security risks, and developing capacities as a prerequisite for deployment of new technologies and services based on innovative technical solutions. Capacity building action also includes awareness raising on cybercrime and related crimes.**  |
| **4.4. Supporting and incentivising deployment of emerging technologies, such as 5G, Internet of Things (IoT), Artificial Intelligence (AI), block chain, etc.** |
| **PRIORITY 5:** |
| **5.1. Establishing a Bankers Associations’ Dialogue Mechanism for Development Financing, with the aim to introduce innovative approaches in financing responsive to SDGs and the objectives of SEE 2030** |
| **5.1.1. Improving capacities and practices of financial institutions and businesses with regards to access to finance and micro-finance** |
| **5.1.2. Improving capacities and providing training programmes, aimed at enhancing access to finance for the transition to the green economy** |
| **5.1.3. Orienting financial institutions’ support programmes towards education, health and environment** |
| **5.2. Establishing an Insurance Associations’ Dialogue / Network** |
| **5.2.1. Promoting inclusive insurance for people and SMEs** |
| **5.2.2. Disseminating best practices in inclusive insurance in the areas of health and environment** |
| **5.2.3. Promoting financial and insurance literacy** |
| **5.2.4. Enhancing dialogue between the two networks (banks and insurers) to work together to provide inclusive insurance** |
| **5.2.5. Expanding insurance coverage as a risk mitigation action to decrease the economic cost of natural disasters in SEE** |
| **5.3. Building capacity for preparation of bankable projects** |
| **5.3.1. Project financing with minimum collaterals for health, education, research and innovation, and environment loans** |
| **5.3.2. Training and capacity building for bankable project development in regional organisations, and central and local authorities, for health, education, research and innovation, and environment** |
| **5.3.3. Developing programmes for addressing energy poverty** |
| **5.3.4. Capacity building to develop financing schemes for household renovation, that provide basic standards of living (in line with the actions foreseen in the GAWB)** |
| **5.4. Improving local public service planning and provision through better co-ordination and co-operation of local authorities and local stakeholders** |
| **5.4.1. Enhancing collaborative spatial planning for the development of regional specialisations** |
| **5.4.2. Promoting and facilitating regional partnerships between municipalities and their co-operation with international organisations for better spatial planning (that accounts for education, environment and health)** |
| **PRIORITY 6:** |
| **6.1. Preparation of inventory of skills from a regional perspective which the SEE Region has the capacity to supply** |
| **6.2. Promoting movement of skilled labour within the SEE Region in order to fill the gaps in supplying the necessary skills** |
| **6.3. Utilising the capacity of diaspora to match the skills in shortage** |
| **6.4. Promoting well-organised, regular immigration to the SEE Region for the skills not met by the regional or diaspora resources** |
| **6.5. Fighting racism and xenophobia in labour markets and society in the SEE Region to attract immigrant skills which the Region lacks in supply** |
| **6.6. Ensuring equal employment opportunities between men and women** |
| **6.7. Ensuring women’s full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life** |
| **6.8. Strengthening regional co-operation in the field of research and innovation through development of specialised skills and promotion of cultural and creative sectors** |
| **6.9. Co-ordinated efforts towards increasing public and private spending on research and innovation as part of GDP** |
| **PRIORITY 7:** |
| **7.1. Encouraging diaspora to import from the SEE Region (export promotion to select diaspora groups)** |
| **7.2. Establishing network(s) between diaspora organisations of SEE economies and co-operating with these networks on the fulfilment of SEE 2030 targets** |
| **7.3. Promoting instruments to attract diaspora capacity for research and innovation into the SEE Region** |
| **7.4. Benefiting from the experiences of other diaspora exporting economies in the world** |
| **7.5. Better utilisation of digital economy and offering regional tools for enhanced circulation of high skills** |
| **PRIORITY 8:** |
| **8.1. Creating regional programmes for student, researcher, and professor exchange (for secondary education and Higher Education Institutions) and cultural exchange for all levels of education establishments** |
| **8.2. Enhancing digital education and use of digital platforms to support facilitated access to education materials and increase flexibility of learning and teaching (i.e. combined traditional and digital learning), including in lifelong learning, and promoting equality in access, including initiating discussion between higher education institutions on developing joint eLearning programs** |
| **8.3. Promoting public-private partnership and enhancing the role of financing for development in education to facilitate meeting skill shortages and improve quality of education with particular emphasis on reskilling workforce for green transformation** |
| **8.4. Creating SEE technological centres through university and industry collaboration promoting technology-based entrepreneurship, including green economy entrepreneurship** |
| **8.5. Detecting skill shortages at the regional level and establishing regional pool for mismatched skills** |
| **8.6. Promoting digital upskilling and reskilling and strengthening digital competence and literacy for citizens, and in particular for vulnerable groups to increase their capacities with the focus on using digital services based on sectoral needs** |
| **PRIORITY 9:** |
| **9.1. Establishing regional dialogue mechanisms to strengthen the implementation of targets and measures agreed in the UN Political Declaration on Universal Health Coverage and promote the responsiveness of public budgeting to the actions related to prioritisation of health in public spending**  |
| **9.2. Promoting People-First approach to public-private partnership and enhancing the role of financing for development in health** |
| **9.2.1. Enhancing partnership between commercial banks and private sector health service providers in order to facilitate access to health services and improve the quality of services provided** |
| **9.2.2. Promoting partnership between commercial banks, health insurance service providers and private sector health services providers to create sufficient turnover levels while making the provision of services affordable without increasing out-of-pocket spending** |
| **9.3. Establishing economic corridors in health** |
| **9.3.1. Promoting partnership between public health insurance schemes and private sector service providers in the SEE to allow reimbursing the treatment abroad in the SEE when the capacity and quality of health services in a given economy is limited** |
| **9.3.2. Facilitating the provision of supporting services to promote economic activity in the health corridors to be established between SEE economies**  |
| **9.3.3. All available trade facilitation mechanisms and instruments such as transport connectivity, visa facilitation, partnership between health insurance providers, and cooperation between tourism establishments (tour operators, hotels and other hospitality service providers) should be pooled together to facilitate and promote economic activity in the health corridors between SEE economies with the aim to provide affordable and accessible health services in SEE** |
| **9.4. Utilising digitalisation of services for co-operation of medical schools and health service providers in order to exchange experiences over the results of treatment protocols** |
| **9.5. Co-operation of the economies of South East Europe on strengthening preparedness to deal with cross-border / boundary threats to public health** |
| **9.6. Transformative digitalisation of all health systems** |
| **PRIORITY 10:** |
| **10.1. Promoting the rule of law at the domestic and regional level and ensuring equal access to justice for all** |
| **10.1.1. Developing adequate policy recommendations that improve access to justice in the SEE region** |
| **10.1.2. Encouraging the use of alternative dispute resolution to speed up the resolving of legal issues and reduce the cost of accessing the justice system** |
| **10.1.3. Increasing the use of technology to allow some administration processes to be handled out of courts** |
| **10.1.4. Enhancing judicial training in the SEE region** |
| **10.2. Enhancing the legal capability of individuals through improved access to information, particularly the capacities of vulnerable groups and communities** |
| **10.2.1. Strengthening the co-operation among governments and CSOs in SEE through sharing best practices on improving access to information and legal education of individuals** |
| **10.2.2. Improving access to information about laws, procedures and existing legal aid to enable individuals to identify their legal needs, and identify sources of legal aid** |
| **10.3. Strengthening access to and quality of legal aid** |
| **10.3.1. Advocating for regional funding for legal aid organisations, particularly those representing vulnerable groups and communities** |
| **10.3.2. Regional training for legal professionals to provide legal services to low-income and underserved individuals** |
| **10.3.3. Promoting transparency of available funding for legal aid, particularly among vulnerable groups and communities** |
| **10.3.4. Supporting regional activities to increase the awareness and legal capacity of marginalised individuals in SEE** |
| **10.4. Placing particular focus on the regional campaign to improve access to justice for disadvantaged groups** |
| **10.4.1. Supporting the jurisdictions of SEE to establish legal procedures to protect the rights of people with limited capacity or other vulnerabilities** |
| **10.4.2. Increasing the resources to improve access to justice for these communities** |
| **10.4.3. Raising awareness on eliminating obstacles that limit the rights of persons with disabilities** |
| **10.4.4. Strengthening regional partnerships between CSOs and law enforcement to better serve underserved communities with a focus on victims of gender(sex)-based violence** |
| **10.5. Implementing a citizen-centric approach to delivering government services to improve access and quality of service provision** |
| **10.5.1. Establishing regional dialogue with the aim to develop regional strategies on enhancing implementation of integrated public services bringing together government services so that citizens can access them in a single seamless experience based on their needs and wishes**  |
| **10.5.2. Exchanging best practices and experiences in measuring and managing quality and performance in government service provision throughout the SEE Region** |
| **10.5.3. Promoting multichannel communication options to citizens, including self-service channels enabled by digitalisation of government services, including health, education, and others** |
| **PRIORITY 11:** |
| **11.1. Preparing a socio-economic impact assessment of Green Agenda and establishing a Work Plan to avoid the deepening of geographical inequalities and raise awareness on green financing** |
| **11.2. Enhancing partnership between commercial banks and private sector to facilitate provision of green loans to households based on project financing** |
| **11.3. Capacity building in SEE authorities, including local authorities, to prepare bankable projects for improving the quality of environment and sanitation services and access to affordable, safe and healthy housing, particularly for vulnerable groups and communities** |
| **11.4. Supporting local governments to digitalise public services and promote the use of IoT and the concept of smart cities, based on EU standards** |
| **11.5. Mapping energy poverty in SEECP and identifying best practices and future measures compatible with the EU acquis** |
| **11.6. Establishing a regional dialogue mechanism on water resources, including on data collection, reporting and capacity building** |
| **PRIORITY 12:** |
| **12.1. Establishing regional platforms between RCC and other regions’ regional organisations in order to exchange experiences and for potential joint actions promoting regional implementation of SDGs, including human rights, gender equality, and their mainstreaming in the regional implementation of the SDGs** |
| **12.2. Establishing a Regional Network of SEE Statistics Offices** |
| **12.3. Establishing regular regional dialogue mechanisms with the stakeholders such as the representatives of civil society, private sector, and academia in the implementation of SEE 2030 and SDGs in SEE to foster their co-operation at the regional level. Localisation of SEE 2030 implementation will be determined in co-ordination and consultation with the SDG Co-ordinators in SEE economies.** |
| **12.4. Engaging SEE Parliaments in the SEE 2030 implementation** |
| **12.5. Advocating for SDGs-responsive public budgeting and transparency** |
| **12.6. Promoting regional co-operation in the field of policy development and performance management through peer reviews and professional exchange of mid- and senior-level civil servants in SEE** |
| **PRIORITY 13:** |
| **13.1. Establishing a regional project facility in the RCC to identify and assess feasibility of project intervention areas in the context of SEE 2030** |
| **13.2. Regular co-ordination of development partners towards the objectives of SEE 2030 Strategy and implementation of SDGs in SEE** |
| **13.3. Supporting to cluster and prepare feasibility of the priority areas of SEE 2030 Strategy for bankable investment projects** |
| **13.4. Advocating enhanced regional co-operation and dialogue amongst SEE development banks** |

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| **ANNEX 2** |
| **ASSISTANCE INSTRUMENTS AS INDICATED IN THE SEE 2030 STRATEGY** |
| **Regional dialogue, networking, actions of****regional solidarity and assistance,****and peer-reviews (low cost)** |
| **Regional dialogue** | Communication between SEE governance structures, the authorities formally responsible for the implementation of SEE 2030 Strategy in each SEE economy and the relevant stakeholders through existing or new dialogue mechanisms and instruments involving SEE economies. |
| **Regional networking** | Groupings to enhance regional co-operation, experience and information sharing and gathering as well as regional planning of activities which may require reaching the relevant targets as described by the SEE 2030 Strategy. |
| **Actions of regional solidarity and assistance** | Actions for regional assistance, to be financed by donor agencies of SEE economies, in the areas falling under the scope of SEE 2030 Strategy.  |
| **Peer reviews** | Peer reviews and bilateral exchange of know-how and experiences the implementation of which may require bilateral action between SEE economies, but the reporting and dissemination of information about the results of peer reviews and bilateral exchange of know-how and experiences will be regional. |
| **International Technical Assistance****(medium cost)** |
| **International Technical Assistance** | Technical assistance projects in collaboration with international organisations which have global expertise and know-how in the given policy areas |
| **International Financial Institutions****support (high cost)** |
| **IFIs support** | Actions requiring high budget. Due to the high budgetary requirements, these actions would have to be suitable for investing by international development banks active in the Region and interested in financing SEE 2030 Strategy and implementation of UN SDGs in SEE. |

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| **ANNEX 3**  |
| **SELECTION CRITERIA** |
| **Relevance and policy integration** | Areas of intervention which transcend the boundaries of established policy fields and respond to one or more strategic objectives of SEE 2030 Strategy such as: (i) Poverty reduction, (ii) Women empowerment, (iii) Improvement of social inclusion, (iv) Countering population decline through quality-of-life related interventions, and (v) Just transitions in green and digital without undermining competitiveness and private sector development. |
| **Private sector orientation** | Areas of intervention that involve direct participation of private sector in the implementation and/or co-funding, such as: inbound and outbound multimodal and green logistics in intra SEE trade or between SEE and its neighbouring regions, value chain creation, private sector participation in green infrastructure development, innovative regional financial and professional services and other interventions that cut across policy areas including trade, customs, transport, finance and others. |
| **People-first focus** | Interventions that create “value for people”, with a focus on the region’s most vulnerable population groups. Integrating considerations of resilience, sustainability and circularity, this screening criteria should ensure key people-first outcomes, such as access and equity, economic effectiveness, and environmental sustainability and resilience. The people-first approach shall remain a key qualitative preferential treatment throughout the SEE 2030 programming process. |
| **Donor priority alignment** | Interventions accommodating the existing donor priorities and programmes. They should take into account the geographic focus of development co-operation partners, along with the thematic focus of programmes and the types of beneficiaries supported. This requires continuous and regular communication / consultation with donor community and ensuring their close involvement throughout the programming cycle of the SEE 2030 Strategy. |
| **Stakeholder engagement** | Project proposals generated through extensive communication and consultation with multiple stakeholders, including the potential beneficiaries and civil society. Regional interventions should take into consideration the different interests and values of the stakeholders and address them throughout the project cycle, from the design stage through the implementation. |
| **Long-term vision** | A basic principle of sustainable development is to balance the needs of current and future generations. This inter-generational perspective is highlighted in the text of 2030 Agenda, and is considered by most participants in their SDG national strategic frameworks. Managing potential trade-offs between short and long-term priorities is a key element for enhancing policy coherence.[[1]](#footnote-1) Project proposals should therefore have long-term vision explaining how short- and long-term priorities are balanced, and their impact is to be sustained. |
| **Policy co-ordination** | Addressing highly interconnected SDGs effectively requires co-ordination mechanism to allow public sector authorities and other key stakeholders to share information, define and efficiently allocate responsibility and resources for implementation.[[2]](#footnote-2) Thus, the SEE 2030 Strategy Monitoring Committee should avail itself to create any sub-structures to facilitate regional co-ordination in thematic areas of interventions, wherever appropriate. Project proposals are also expected to explain what types of challenges in policy co-ordination are expected and how these challenges could be mitigated.  |

1. OECD (2018), “Applying the eight building blocks of PCSD in the implementation of the 2030 Agenda” [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Ibis. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)